
**MEMORANDUM
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
VAMA INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

For VAMA INDUSTRIES LTD.
N. Atchanta R. R.
Managing Director

Company No : 01-41126



**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME**

**In the Office of the Registrar of Companies,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad**

(Under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956))

IN THE MATTER OF SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

I hereby certify that SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

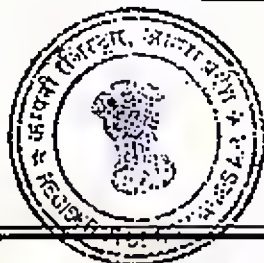
_____ was
originally incorporated on THIRTEENTH day of MARCH 1985
under the companies Act, 1956, under the name M/s _____
KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

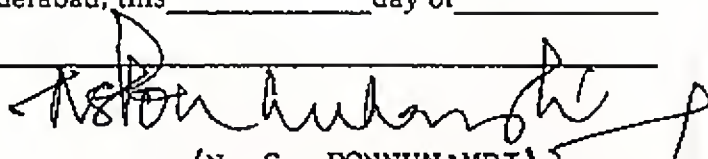
The said M/s. SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

_____ having duly passed
necessary resolution under section 21 / 22 (1) (e) / 22 (1) (b) of the companies Act, 1956
and also having obtained the approval of the Central Government in writing vide letter
AP/TA.VI/Sec.21/41126/2005 dated THIRD DAY OF MARCH 2005 of Registrar
No. _____ of Companies, Andhra Pradesh, Department of Company Affairs has changed its name
to VAMA INDUSTRIES LIMITED

This certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Hyderabad, this THIRD day of MARCH
Two Thousand and FIVE.




(N. S. PONNUNAMBI)
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES
ANDHRA PRADESH : HYDERABAD.



(कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 को धारा 18(3))

(Section 18(3) of Companies Act, 1956)

एक राज्य से दूसरे राज्य में रजिस्ट्रीकृत कार्यालय के प्रन्तरण को
पुष्टि करने वाले न्यायालय के प्रदेश के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण-पत्र

**CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF THE ORDER
OF COURT CONFIRMING TRANSFER OF THE
REGISTERED OFFICE FROM ONE STATE
TO ANOTHER**

.....ने विशेष संकल
द्वारा रजिपंजीकृत कार्यालय का.....

राज्य से.....

प्रन्तरण करके स्थान की वास्तव संगम-ज्ञापन उपबंधों में परिवर्तन कर दिया है और ऐसे परिवर्तन
का.....

तारीख के आदेश द्वारा पुष्टि कर दी गई है।

The SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED.....having by special
resolution altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to the place of
the registered office by changing it from the state of Maharashtra.....
to the state of Andhra Pradesh..... and such alteration having been
confirmed by an order of CLB (WRB), Mumbai..... bearing date the 30-5-2003
in Company Petition No. 313/17/WRB/2003.

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि उक्त आदेश को प्रमाणित प्रति इस दिन पंजीकृत कर दी गई है।

I hereby certify that a certified copy of the said order has this day been registered.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से यह तारीख.....को दिया
गया।

Given under my hand atHyderabad this Sixth.....day of
June, 2003.....



जे.एस.सी-6
J.S.C.-6

(N.S. PONNUNAMBI)

सहायक/अस. / कम्पनियों का रजिस्ट्रार
~~DERIVY/Asst.~~ / Registrar of Companies
Andhra Pradesh
Hyderabad.

No. 35607



सत्यमेव जयते

कारबार प्रारम्भ करने के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र
Certificate for Commencement of Business

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 149 (3) के अनुसरण में
Pursuant of Section 149 (3) of the Companies Act, 1956.

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि.....

जो कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 के अधीन तारीख.....को निर्गमित को दर्ज
की और जिसने आज विहित प्रारूप में सम्पूर्ण रूप से सत्यापित घोषणा फारम कर दी है कि उक्त
अधिनियम की धारा 149(1)(क) से लेकर (घ) तक/149(2)(क) से लेकर (ग) तक की शर्तों
का अनुपालन किया गया है, कारबार प्रारम्भ करने को हकदार है।

I hereby certify that the KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES
LIMITED.....

which was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, on the THIRTEENTH
day of MARCH.....1985, and which has this day filed a duly verified
declaration in this prescribed form that the conditions of section 149(1)(a) to
(d)/149(2)(a) to (c) of the said Act, have been complied with is entitled to
commence business.

मैंने हस्ताक्षर से यह तारीख.....को
में दिया गया।

Given under my hand at BOMBAY.....
this SIXTH.....day of APRIL..... One thousand nine hundred
and EIGHTY-FIVE.

(C.P. JAIN)

कम्पनियों का रजिस्ट्रार

Addl. Registrar of Companies



जे० एस० सी०
J.S.C.-10.

MSIPTC-470.

Adm. Regd. GIPTC-20-25-2-76-4,000.



No. 35607 of 1984-85

Form I. R.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

I hereby certify that
KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED
is this day incorporated under the
Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956)
and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at Bombay
this **THIRTEENTH** day of **MARCH** one
thousand nine hundred and Eighty five.



Sd/-
(V. Govindan)
Registrar of Companies
Maharashtra.

No. 11- 35607

**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME**

IN THE OFFICE OF THIS REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA,
BOMBAY.

In the matter of KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, Notification No. G.S.R. 507E dated the 24th June 1985 the change of name of the Company:

from KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

to SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

and I hereby certify that KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

which was originally incorporated on

THIRTEENTH day of MARCH, 1985

under the

Companies Act, 1956 and under the name KESARIA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

having

duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21(2)(a) of the Companies Act, 1956 the name of the said Company is this day changed to SANJEEVNI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

and this

certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AT BOMBAY THIS TWENTIETH

Day of APRIL

One Thousand nine hundred ninety four.

(S.R.V.V. SATYANARAYANA)

ADDL. REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

MAHARASHTRA, BOMBAY

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
VAMA INDUSTRIES LIMITED

- i) The Name of the company is "**VAMA INDUSTRIES LIMITED**".
- ii) The Registered office of the company will be situated in the state of Andhra Pradesh.
- iii) The object for which the company is established are:

A) MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION:

- 1. To carry on business of system study, analysis design, development and implementation of Software systems of all kinds for usage of computer systems, communication system or combination of computer and communication system for using in Government, Industry, Business or other fields activity.
- 1A. To carry on Business of trading, manufacturing, importing & exporting and to act as consultants in software for usage of computer systems, communication systems or combination of both systems and hardware of computer systems, communication systems and providing consultancy related to commercial and non-commercial usage.
- 1B. To establish bureaus for providing computer education, computer services to process data and develop systems of all kind by processing jobs and hiring out machine time and assist to set up operate and supervise the operation of the data processing divisions of other companies or organization in India or elsewhere.

- 1C. To carry on the business as manufactures, consultants, designers, fabricators, assemblers, processors and dealers of all kind of computers, accounting and business machines, transistors, transformers,, receivers, conductors, magnetic components, microwave components, video games, tapes, discs, fittings, switches and all hardware, software and peripherals thereto.
- 1D. To carry on the business of Exports, importers, retailers, merchant, buyers, sellers, brokers, buying agents, selling agents, packers, re-packers, commission agents, factors, distributors, stockists, agents, traders and suppliers of and dealers in all classes and kinds of all or any chemicals (organic and/or inorganic, fire or heavy, their mixture and formulation) its intermediates, pesticides and insecticides of all kinds including its formulations, jute, jute goods, jute cutting, jute rejections, cotton, yarn wool, silk, handicraft, flax, hemp, rayon, nylon and other fibrous materials and man made fibres, textile fabrics, ready-made garments, food-grains, food products, vegetable products, iron, steel, cement, paper, paper board, news print, straw board, hard board, tea, coffee, manures, fertilizers, electrical goods, sugar, sugarcane, molasses, plant and machinery , vehicles and other automobiles, spare parts, tractors and other agricultural implements, tyres tubes, tyre cord sheets, rubber products, plastic and plastic products, leather products, foot wear, hides, skins, metals and minerals and all other goods made thereof or therefrom electricals, chemicals photographic, surgical and scientific equipment, instruments goods and materials, cordials, drugs, tanings, essence and pharmaceuticals, mineral and other water, paints, pigments and varnishes,, compounds, dye stuff, organic or mineral intermediate, paint and color grinders, oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen, carbonic acid, acetylene dissolved or otherwise and any other gasses or any compounds or by-products thereof, engine, electrode, transformers, gas cylindres, containers, compressors, welding machine and other apparatus and machinery to be used for or in connection with the consumption gases directly or indirectly propetory articles of all kinds and for which generally to carry on business of merchants, traders, dealers, exports house of any goods commodities and merchandise of any other description whatsoever as are incidental or conducive to the carrying on of all such business in India or abroad.
- (1E) To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to manufacture, produce, process, convert, assemble, fabricate, prepare, manipulate, import, export, buy, sell, supply and to act as agent, indenter, franchiser, distributor, consignor, stockiest, developer, broker, job, worker, consultant or otherwise to deal in all types of electrical and electronic components, devices, systems, instruments, equipments, appliances, parts, fittings, accessories, chips, circuits, relays, connectors, coils, diodes, electrodes, valves, condensers, transformers, speakers, resistance devices used in all types of industrial, domestic, automobile, defence, railways, airways, waterways, information technology, software development, medical, entertainment and other allied fields.

B). OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS:

1. To purchase, exchange or otherwise acquire land, buildings and other improvable properties of any Type or description and rights connected with the land and turn the same into account in any manner whatsoever, and particular by preparing building sites, opening road and by constructing, altering improving, decorating, furnishing and

maintaining offices, flats, houses, shops, buildings, etc. and by connecting or subdividing properties and by leasing or disposing off the same.

2. To carry on all kinds of promotion business and in particular to take part in the formation, supervision for control of business or operations of any company undertaking or firm and for that purpose to appoint and remunerate any Directors, accountants, or other experts or agents and also to join any partnership firm as partner or otherwise on profits sharing basis or on any mode of distribution of profits.
3. To constitute any trust with a view to the issue of preferred securities appropriate for the purpose of any such trust, and to settle and regulate and if thought fit to undertake and execute any such trusts and issue, dispose off or hold any such preferred, or other securities.
4. To acquire and undertake on whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying or any business which the company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this company.
5. To conduct and carry on either concurrently with the business of the company and other business, undertaking or engagement conducive to such business of the company and which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business of the company or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value to render profitable any of the company's commodities, properties or rights for the time being.
6. To enter into make perform contracts of every kind and description, agreements and arrangements with any person, firm association, corporation, municipally, country, state body or Government or colony or dependency thereof.
7. To purchase or otherwise acquire and to take over by any method competent in law the whole or any part of the goodwill, business undertaking, property, assets and liabilities of any company, society partnership or persons and to conduct develop and carry on or liquidate and wind up any such business and purchase and take steps for acquisition of existing and new licence in connection with any such business.
8. To adopt such means of making known and advertising the business and products of the company as may seem expedient.
9. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets invention, licences, concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being use of any of the purpose of the company.
10. To employ the experts to investigate and examine into the condition prospects, value, character and circumstances of any business concern and undertaking and generally of any assets, property or light including that of the company.
11. To purchase, take on lease or licence or in exchange, hire or otherwise any real/ or personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary and convenient for the purpose of its business or may enhance the value of any other property of the company, and in particular any land (freehold, lease-hold or other

tenure) building, easement, machinery, plant and stock in trade and purpose of the company and also for the residence and amenity of its employees, staff and other workmen and erect and install machinery and plant and other equipments deemed necessary or convenient or profitable for the purposes of the company and either to retain any property to be acquired for the purpose of the company's business or to turn same to account as may seem expedient.

12. To borrow or take loans from individuals firms, companies, corporation, financing house, Government and Semi-Government institutions and to secure repayment thereof in such manner as may be thought fit subject to Section 58-A of the Companies Act, 1956 and directives of Reserve Bank of India.
13. To Acquire, build, construct, maintain, enlarge, pull down, remove or replace improve or develop and to work manage and control any buildings, offices, factories, mills, foundries, refineries, furnaces, godowns , warehouses, shop, machinery, engines, roadways, or other means of transport, sidings, bridges, reservoirs, dams, water-courses, water systems, wharves, electrical works, power stations, cable wires, lines, gas works or works operated by any other kind of power and also such other machinery, equipment, conveyances which may directly or indirectly advance the interest of the company and to subsidise, contribute or otherwise, assist or take part in done any of these things and/or join with any other person or company or with any Government or Government authority in doing any of the above things.
14. To sink wells and shafts and to make, build and construct, lay down and maintain reservoirs, water works, cisterns culverts, filter bed, main and other pipes and appliances and to execute and do all other works and things necessary or convenient for obtaining, storing, selling, delivering measuring and distributing water for the purposes of the company.
15. To let on lease or hire-purchase system or to end or otherwise dispose any property belonging to the company and to finance the purchase of any article or articles, made by the company, by way of loans or by the purchase of any such article or articles and the letting thereof on the hire purchase system or otherwise howsoever.
16. To sell, lease, surrender, hypothecate, mortgage, pledge, underlet, redeem, dispose, exchange or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, assets, rights or undertaking of the company on any terms and conditions which may be considered expedient or desirable and for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company whether or not having object altogether or in part similar to those of this company and to hold, deal with or dispose of any consideration so received.
17. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act,1956 to amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, cartels, co-operation, joint adventure or reciprocal concession or for limiting competition with any person or persons, firm or company or body corporate carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on, and to lend money, to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist or subsidise any such company or persons and to take or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company and to sell, hold, reissue with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same and to give to any person or company special rights or privileges in connection with control over such company.

18. To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, rights and liabilities of any person, firm or company and to conduct, make or to carry into effect any arrangements in regard to the winding up of the business of any such person, firm or company.
19. To establish or promote or concur or be interested in establishing or promoting any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, exchange or otherwise all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the company or for any other purpose whatsoever and to transfer to any such company and property of this company and to place or guarantee the placing of underwrite, subscribe for or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares, debentures or other securities of any such other company for any purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company.
20. To pay for any property or rights acquired by the company either in cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid up shares of this company with or without preferred rights in respect of dividends or repayment of capital or otherwise or by any securities which the company has power to issue or partly in one mode and partly in another and generally on such terms as the company may determine.
21. To acquire, hold, renew, use, sell, assign, lease, grant licences, mortgage, pledge or otherwise dispose of in any part of the world any patents, patent rights, designs, licences and privileges, inventions, improvements and processes, copyright, trade names, concessions, protections, formulas, brevets, designs and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being use for any of the purposes of the company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired and to assist encourage and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions or rights.
22. To acquire, hold use, sell, assign, lease, grant any contracts or concessions or in relation to the supply and sale of any minerals, metals, products or other substances, materials, articles or tings or equipments for or in relation to the construction, execution, carrying out, improvement, management, administration or control of any works and conveniences required for the purposes of carrying out any of the business which the Company is entitled to carry on and to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose of, or, otherwise turn to account such contracts or concessions.
23. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority, Central, State or public body, or person or firm or any private individual, local or foreign that may seem conducive to the Companies objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government, authority, person or Company any concessions, grants, decrees, rights, charters, contracts, licences; powers and privileges, whatsoever which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account or which the Company may think directly or indirectly conducive to any of its object or capable of being carried on in connection with its business and to work, develop, carryout, exercise and turn to account the same.
24. To apply for, promote and obtain any at of parliament, charter, privileges, concessions, licence or authorization of any Government, State of municipality, provisional order or licence of any authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or

for extending any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the constitution of the Company.

25. To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of hospitals, schools, colleges, associations, clubs, institutions, provident funds and trust and conveniences calculated to assist the Company in the conduct of its business or to benefit directors, agents, employees or ex-employees of the Company or its predecessors in business or the dependent or connections of such persons and to grant annuities, bonuses, pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe, donate or guarantee money for charitable, religious, or benevolent or any other objects beneficial to the Company or public.
26. To acquire from any person, firm or body corporate whether in India or elsewhere, technical information, known-how processes, engineering manufacturing and operating data, plants, layouts and blue prints useful for the design, erection and operation of plant required for any of the business of the Company and to acquire any grant or licence and other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters and things.
27. To make donation to such persons or institutions of cash or any other assets as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects or otherwise expedient and in particular to remunerate any person or corporation introducing business to this Company and also to subscribe, contribute or otherwise assist or guarantee money for charitable, scientific religious or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, but not intend to serve any political cause or purpose.
28. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or noncontributory provident fund, pension or super-annuation, gratuities and/or other funds for the benefit of any give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any company or of any Company, which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied to or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary Company, or who are or were at any time Directors or Officers of the Company or any such other Company as aforesaid, and the wives, widows, families and dependent of any such person, and also establish and subsidize and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to benefit or advance the interest and wellbeing of the Company of any such other Company as aforesaid and make payments to or towards the insurance of any such person as aforesaid and do any of the matters as aforesaid either alone or in conjunction with any such other Company as aforesaid.
29. To give any officers, servants or employees of the Company any shares or interest in the profits of the Company's business or any branch thereof and whether carried on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary Company or not and for that purpose to enter into any arrangements, the Company may think fit.
30. To train or pay for the training in India or abroad of any of the Company's employees or any candidate in the interest of or for furtherance of the Company's objects.
31. To provide residential and/or sleeping accommodation for workmen and others and to afford facilities and conveniences of washing, bathing, cooking, reading, writing and facilities for the purchases, sale and consumption of provisions, and for the safe custody of goods for the welfare of the workmen and others.

32. To refer or agree to refer any claim, demand, dispute or any other questions by or against the Company or in which the Company's interested or concerned and whether between the Company or in the members of his or their representatives or between the Company and third parties, to arbitration in India or at any place outside India and to observe and perform and to do all acts, deeds, matters and things to carry out or enforce the awards.
33. To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses which the Company may lawfully pay with respect to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company and/or the issue of its capital or which the Company shall consider to be preliminary expenses including therein the cost of advertising, printing and stationery, commission for obtaining application for taking, placing or underwriting or procuring the underwriting of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company and expenses attendant upon the formation of agencies, branches and local boards.
34. Upon any issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company to employ managers, brokers, commission agents and underwriting and to provide for the remuneration of such persons for their services by payments in cash or by the issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or by the granting of options to take the same or in any other manner allowed by law.
35. (a) Subject to the Provisions of Section 58-A of Companies Act and the directives of Reserve Bank of India to borrow or raise money in such manner at the Company may think fit and in particular by the issue of promissory notes, bill of exchange and/or debentures, or debenture stock (perpetual or otherwise) and/or other bonds whether convertible into shares of this or any other Company or not and to secure the repayment of any such money borrowed, raised or revenue of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital and to give the lenders or creditors the power of sale and other powers as may seem expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or other person, firm or Company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any other person, firm, or Company as the case may be.
- (b) To borrow or take loans from individuals, firms, Companies, corporations, financing houses, Government and Semi-Government institutions and to secure repayment thereof in such manner as may be thought fit subject to Section 58-A of the Companies Act, 1956 and directives of Reserve Bank of India.
- (c) To issue and deposit any securities which the Company has power to issue by way of mortgage or charge to secure any sum less than the nominal amount of such securities and also by way security for the performance of any contracts or obligations of the Company.
36. (a) To lend and advance money or to give credit to such persons or Companies and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company and to guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation and the payment of money of or by any such persons or Companies and generally to give guarantee and indemnities provided Company shall not do any banking business and defined under the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.

- (b) To guarantee or become liable for the payment of money due and that may become due by or for the performance of any obligation and in particular of any Company of which this Company is the agent and severally to carry on and transact every kind of guarantee and indemnity business and to undertake and execute all kinds of trust and obligations only in connection with the business of the Company.
- (c) To guarantee the payment of any secured or unsecured money payable to bank, firm or person, or a Company under in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations, instruments and securities of any Company whether incorporated or not and to become sureties for the performance of the same.
37. To issue or guarantee the issue of or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, or other securities or obligations of any subsidiary Company and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and under-writing in respect of any such issue.
38. (a) To lend, invest and deal with the money of the Company either with or without interest or security upon such terms and conditions and manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (b) To invest any money of the Company in such investments as may be thought proper and to hold, sell or otherwise deal with such investment.
39. To take or concur in taking all such steps and proceedings as may seem best calculated to uphold and support the credit of the Company and to obtain and justify public confidence and to avert or minimize financial disturbances which might effect the Company.
40. To confer upon any encumbrancer or trustee for any encumbrances or trustee for any encumbrances or uncalled capital such powers of making and enforcing calls and of voting the transfer of shares not fully paid up as may be thought fit.
41. To draw, make, accept, hold, endorse, discount, execute and issue and negotiate bills of exchange, hundies, bills of lading, promissory notes, warrant, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
42. To commence, prosecute, enforce, defend, answer, oppose, compromise, refer to arbitration, submit to judgment proceed to judgment and execution or become non-suited in any action or proceeding whether civil, criminal, political, administrative or revenue, or proceedings including writ proceedings under constitution of India and also to enforce by execution, attachment, distress, suit or otherwise any decree or award in its favor and to defend or to resist any proceedings to retain, employ, engage and remunerate advocates, attorney, vakills and pleaders and to give necessary authority and to revoke such retainers and authorities from time to time as its pleasure.
43. To subsidize, assist and guarantee the payment of money or for performance of any contract, engagement of obligation by any person or company and in particular, customers of the company or any person or company with whom the company may have or intend to have business relations.

44. To vest any real or personal property, rights or interests acquired by or belonging to the company if any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the company and with or without any declared trust in favor of the company.
45. To act as agent or brokers and as trustees and to undertake and perform sub-contracts and to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through agents, sub-contracts or trustees or otherwise and either alone or jointly with others.
46. To procure the incorporation, registration or other recognition of the company in any country, state or place and to establish and regulate agencies for the purpose of the company's business.
47. To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved, and any property or assets of the company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property or assets of the company including the shares, debentures or other securities of any other company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of the company, subject to provisions of the companies Act, 1956 in the event of winding up.
48. To apply the assets of the company in any way in or towards the establishment, maintenance or extension of any association, institution or fund in anyway connected with any particular trade or business or with trade or commerce generally and particularly with trade including any association, institution or fund for the protection of the interests of masters, owners and employees against loss by bad debts, strikes, combination, fire, accidents or otherwise or for the benefits of any of clerks, workmen or others at any time employed by the company or any of its predecessors in business or their families or dependants and whether or not in common with other persons or classes of persons and in particular of friendly co-operative and other societies, reading rooms, libraries, educational and charitable institution, refractories, dining and recreation rooms temples, schools and hospitals, and to grant gratuities, pension and allowances and to contribute to any funds raise by public or local subscriptions for any purpose whatsoever.
49. To carry on any business or branch of a business which this company is authorized to carry on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary company or companies and to enter into any arrangement with any such subsidiary company for taking the profits and bearing the losses of any business or branch so carried on, or for financing any such subsidiary company or guaranteeing its liabilities, or to make any other arrangements which may seem desirable with reference to any business or branch so carried on including power at any time either temporarily or permanently to close any such business or branch and to appoint Directors or managers of any such subsidiary company.
50. To do the above things either as principals, dealers, agent., sub-agents, manufactures representative, trustees, contractors or otherwise and either by or through agent, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and or establish branches, agencies, deposits, maintenance in or outside India and to regulate or discontinue the same.
51. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the public in

any rural area and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development and to assets execution and promotion thereof either directly or through an independent agent or in other manner. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, "promoting of rural development" shall also include any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the public in any rural area which the Directors consider it likely to promote and assist rural development and that the words, "rural area" will include such areas as may be regard as rural areas under Section 35-C of the Income-Tax Act,1961, or any other law relating to rural development fork the time being in force or as may be regarded as rural areas in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes, transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value and divert the ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any public or local body or Authority or central or state Government or any public institutions or Trusts or Funds or organization(s) or person(s).

52. To provide for the welfare of the employees, ex-employees, Directors and ex-Directors of the company or its predecessors in business or the family members, dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or quarters or by grants of money, pensions, gratuities, allowances, payment towards insurance, house, profit sharing, bonuses or benefits or any other payments or by establishing, supporting of from time to time subscribing or contributing or aiding in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds including provident funds, trusts profit sharing or other schemes and conveniences and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards the places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendances the company shall think fit.
53. To form incorporate or promote any company or companies whether in India or in any foreign country having amongst its or their objects and acquisition of all or any of the assets, of which in the opinion of the company could or might directly or indirectly assist the company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with any such promotion on incorporation and to remunerate any person or company in any manner it shall think fit for services rendered or to be rendered in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of is business or in or about the promotion or formation of any other company in which the company may have an interest.
54. To subscribe to become a member of, subsidise and co-operate with any other association, whether incorporated or not, whose objects are altogether or in part similar to those of the company and to procure from and communicate to any such association such information as may be likely to further the objects of the company.
55. To lease, let out on hire, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate, sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part or parts of the undertaking of the company or any land, business, property, rights, or assets of any kind of the company or any share or interest therein respectively in such manner and for such consideration as the company may thing fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other body corporate having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company.
56. To pay legally any premiums or salaries and to pay for any property right or privileges acquired by the company or for services rendered or to be rendered in connection with the promotion, formation of the business of the company or for services rendered or to rendered by any persons, firms or body corporate in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company or otherwise either wholly

or partly in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to issue any such share either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and to charge any such bonds, debentures or other securities, upon all or any part of the property of the company.

57. To pay out of the funds of the company, all costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the company.
58. To take into consideration and to approve and to confirm all acts, deeds or things that may be done or entered into with any person, firm or body corporate by the promoter of the company and further to enter into any arrangement, agreement or contract with the promoters and to reimburse them from all costs and expenses that may be incurred by them in or in connection with the formation or promotion of the company.
59. To support, donate, contribute, to give and to pay in cash or in kind for any purpose to any individual or body of individuals and also to contribute, donate and subscribe to any charitable, religious, educational or other public institutions, trusts, funds, clubs, societies or individuals, or body of individuals subject to the provisions of section 293 of the Companies Act, 1956.
60. To do the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise by or through trustees, attorneys, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.

C). OTHER OBJECTS :

1. To carry on all or any of the business of transport, cartage and haulage, garage proprietors, owners and charters of road vehicles, steam, bars, boats and vessels of every description and their appurtenances, lighterman and carriers of goods and passengers by road, rail, water or air, carmine, cartage, contractors and agents, stevedores, what fingers, cargo superintendents, packers, haulers, warehouseman, storekeepers, engineers, electricians and job masters.
2. To carry on all or any of the business or mechanical and electrical engineers and manufacturer and suppliers of implements and machinery, tool-makers, smiths, steel and brass founders, metal workers, machinist, iron and steel workers, metallurgists, chemical manufacturers, and suppliers or agricultural implements, motor and automobile spare parts and sugar-mill machinery, oil machinery, manufacturers of surgical instruments.
3. To carry on all or any of the business as supplying, purchasing, selling, importing, exporting, manufacturing, processing, converting, establishing workshop and factories, offices and buildings and the business of brick-makers, potters, cycle manufacturing, machinery, electrical goods, appliances, tools and implements, hoteliers, general importers and exporters, jewelers and laundry business, mechanical engineers, miners, motor car manufacturing.
4. To carry on all or any of the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, dealers, hirers, repairers, cleaners, carriers and stores of motor cars, automobile spares and parts, mini-buses, trucks, lorries, tractors, bulldozers, motor cycle, scooters, motor boats,

motor launches, motor buses, motor lorries, motor vans, aeroplanes, sea-planes, ships, gliders and other conveyances of all descriptions whether propelled or assisted by petrol, spirit, gas, steam, electricity, animal, atomic or other power or engines, chassis bodies, and other things used in connection with the above mentioned things.

5. To carry on as its principal business of trading and as investors by way of acquiring, holding, selling, buying, transferring, subscribing any shares, bonds, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks and other obligations and securities issued, guaranteed by any Government, public body or authority whether in India or else where and to act as underwriters, guarantors, financiers and to lend or deal with money either with or without interest or securities to such individuals, firms, bodies corporate and institutions and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit but not amounting to banking business as defined under the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
6. To carry on the business of cold storage, refrigerations, cooking, dehydrating, preserving, canning of any product on company's own account or as contractors for Governmental, municipal body or individual on such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit.
7. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers of all kinds of oil, including vegetable oil and as meal manufacturers, oil merchants, cake and corn merchants, millers, flour merchants, meal atta, suji, rawa (semolina), basin (gram flour), manufac bakers, biscuit makers, confectioners, milling of flour whole turning of breakfast food, spaghetti and macaroni.
8. To carry on the business of exhibition of films, cinema owners, film distributors and studio owners.
9. To purchase or otherwise acquire any land, building or premises and to turn into account, develop, improve, after, demolish or let out for the purpose of carrying on the business of hotel, restaurant, coffee, tavern, lodging, house-keepers and to carry on the business of wine, spirit and liquor merchants, importers, exporters and manufactures of aerated, mineral and artificial waters and other drinks whether intoxicating or not or caterers for public amusement or entertainment, proprietors of motor and other vehicles, gauge, proprietors, job masters, refreshment room keepers, framers, dairymen and ice merchant, victuallers, live and dead stock and colonial and foreign produce of all descriptions, hairdressers, perfumers, chemists, proprietors of clubs, baths, dressing room, museum, reading , writing and newspaper room, library playgrounds, indoor and outdoor game, sport, recreation, exhibition, entertainment of all kinds, tobacco and cigarettes, agents for railway and shipping company and tourist, theatrical cinemas and opera box.
10. To carry on the business of brewers and distillers.
11. To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire land, buildings, vineyard, gardens and other places for growing, keeping, brewing preparing and storing of land products, plants or other things as may be requisite for carrying on the said business.
12. To carry on execute and conduct a general contracting business to submit tenders and undertake to do all sports of building manufacturing, producing farming surveying

supplying designing enlarging repairing remodeling managing administering controlling and supervising business.

13. To manufacture cotton, woolen and silk artificial and synthetic fiber goods of all kinds and to carry on all or any of the following business:-

Cotton, silk, dyeing materials, processors and printers of all textiles, woolen and silk spinners and doublers, flex and jute spinners, wool combers, worsted, spinners, linen manufacturers, worsted stuff manufacturers, drapers, flex, hemp, jute, wool and silk merchants, bleachers and dyers and makers of vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials, growers of mulberry or other trees and producers of any other articles or thing whether by cultivation or aforestation or by any other mechanical or chemical other articles or thing whether by cultivation or aforestation or by any other materials to be converted into cloth, wool combers, importers and exporter, sheep or any other animal brrereders.

14. To carry on the business as dealers in and purchasers of diary, farm, garden, and their produce of all kinds and in particular milk, cream, butter, ghee, cheese, poultry, eggs, fruits, vegetable oils, vegetable ghee, artificial ghee, spices, sausages, prawn, ported meat, table delicacies, loaves, bread and manures.

15. To carry on the business of house, shop, saloon, halls and other apartment and exhibition decorators and execute decorative work of all sorts; to prepare, manufacture paint, use import, device, design all kinds of artistic objects for use and ornamentation or any property used in the decoration of furnishing of buildings, exhibition or other structures of all kinds and nature whatsoever.

16. To carry on all kinds of business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, dealers, assemblers and distributors of radios, radiograms, gramophones, wireless apparatus, domestic and commercial refrigerators, coolers, freezers of all kinds, humidifying, rentilating and cooling-plants, room-coolers and air-conditioning of all kinds of records, bare and rubber insulated wires, cables, flexible cords, fuse wires, copper weld and aluminium wires, electric switches and switch gears, contents, lamps motors, fans and electric goods plastic and light material products, equipments and accessories of all kinds of cold storage equipments and accessories of all kinds of cold storage equipments and all articles and things use in manufacture, construction, erection, maintenance and working thereof in connection therewith in any way whatsoever. To repair the same and their machinery and apparatus, etc. To manufacture and deal in loud-speakers, transformers, microphones, transmitters receivers, public address equipment of all kinds and accessories of all kind used in the manufacture, installation, erection, repairs, maintenance and working thereof or in connection, therewith in any way whatsoever.

17. To manufacture sowing machines, reaping machines, thrashing machines, tractors and all other kinds of farm implements and machinery, dairy machines, elevating machines, conveying machines, transmission machines, incubators and part and tools thereof and accessories requisite therefore.

18. To buy, sell, import and deal in all kinds of machinery, food products, seeds, patent and licenses, all kinds of fertilizers, lime and stock-feeds.

19. (a) To carry on the business of founders of ferrous and non-ferrous metals, sheet metal workers, of vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials, glowers of mulberry, mechanical,

structural, electrical and metallurgical engineers, to carry on the work of cast from foundry for the manufacture of all types of pipes and pipe-fittings, water reservoirs, drainage requisites, including manole frames and covers, graining and ladders, cast-iron-sanitary appliance and fittings including flushing cisterns, bath-tubdes, wash-basins, cast iron, building requisites including, spiral stairs, ladders, ventilators, ornamental window-frames, pillars, agricultural implements including choppers, ploughs, cast iron, railway casting including sleepers, fishplates, wheels and other fittings, household requisites and utensils including cooking pans containers, coal mining and engineering requisites including pinions, tube-wheels, pump parts and other general and special castings.

(b) To carry on the work of mechanical and electrical engineers and to run a workshop to undertake and execute all types of mechanical and structural jobs of manufacturing, fabrication and erection of buildings and articles and to do various types of sheets metal work including manufacturing and construction of storage tanks, buckets, drums, various types of containers and other similar items that may be easily marketable.

20. To carry on the business of jewelers, bullion, merchants, goldsmiths, gem and stone merchants.
21. To deal in precious stones, diamonds, pearls, jewellery, watches, clock, chronometers, gold and silver plates, electroplated cutlery, presents and gifts, coins, cups, metals, shields, curious articles of virtue, art and antiquities, dressing bags, hand bags and brozes.
22. To engage and carry on the business of raising packing, grading, preparing for market, butter, creamed, milk, farm products of all description.
23. To carry on the business of manufacturers of paper, envelopes, cardboard and mill board, dyers, bleachers and tanners in all its branches and of makers, buyers and sellers of and dealers in any articles which can be manufactured out of pulp, compressed paper or paper stock and to sell In either a raw or partially or wholly competed, prepared, state all such paper, envelops, cardboard, mill coard, fibres, substances, pulp or things as may furnish materials for paper manufacturing in any of its branches and to undertake all or any manufacturing or preparing processes connected with or useful for the purposes of such business or undertaking and generally to purchase and vend the raw materials and manufactured articles both In a wholesale and retail manner.
24. To manufacture sugar and allied products from beet root, sugarcane, gur, molasses and any other substance or produce of chemicals.
25. To produce, grow, raise, preserve, refine, import, export, prepare, sell and deal in sugar, sugar candy, sugarcane, gur, molasses, syrups, alcohol and all other by-products and food products, fertilizers and things generally and to maintain refineries, foundries, workshops an distilleries.
26. To manufacture and deal in anatomical, orthopedic and surgical instruments and appliances of all kinds.
27. To grow, raise tend, cultivate, tea coffee, cinchona, rubber and other produce and to carry on the business of tea planters in all its branches, to carry on and work the

business of cultivators, wine owners and buyers to every kind of vegetable, mineral or other produce of the soil.

28. To carry on the business of helicopter, spraying on farms, grovelands, cultivations, products and other allied business eradication of diseases, virus and insecticides.
29. To carry on the business as travel agents, tourists and cargo carriers by road, air, sea or by other mode of transport and to carry on all allied business and activities pertaining to the traveling and tourist business.
30. To carry on business as exporters, manufacturers, importers, buyers and sellers of and dealers in all chemicals, petrochemicals and plastics (including without prejudice to the said generality and in particular soda, ash, caustic soda, sulphuric acid, super phosphate, Ammonium chloride, Di-Calcium Phosphate, Alcohol, Cosmetics, chlorine products, both organic and inorganic such as polyvinyl chloride, carbonatetrachloride, trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, ethylene dichloride, carbon disulphide, barium chloride, aluminium trichloride, titanium tetrachloride, etc.) alkalis, acids, cordials, drugs, tannins, essences and pharmaceutical, potographical, sizing, medical, chemical, industrial and other preparations and articles of any nature nature and kinds whatsoever, mineral and other waters, cements, oils, paints, pigments and varnishes, compounds, drugs, bye stuff, organic or mineral intermediates, paints and colour gundera.
31. To acquire from or sell to any person, firm, body corporate or unincorporated, whether in India or elsewhere, technical and Managerial information, know-how, process, engineering, manufacturing, operating and commercial data, plans, layouts and blue prints useful for the design, erection and operation or any plant or process of manufacture and to acquire, grant or license other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters, to render and kinds of managerial, technical and financial consultancy services and to carry on the business of market research organizers, sales promotion agents, general advisers, technical and marketing consultants, either alone or in partnership.
32. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor scientific research and to incur any expenditure on such research, and to assist and contribute to any scientific research association which has as tis objects, the undertaking of scientific research or to assist and contribute to any university, college or other institution, any sums to be used for scientific research or research n social science or statistical research whether related to the business or class of business carried on by the company or not.
33. To produce, etract, manufacture, purchase, refine, prepare, process, import, export , buy, sell and generally to deal I graphite, synthetic and natural coal, coal and other cokes, carbon and other minerals.
34. To carry on all or any of the business of the manufactures of and dealers and workers in cement, lime, plasters, mortar, marble, mosaic, tiles, whittings, minerals, clay, earth, gravel, sand, coke, fuel, artificial, stone, and builders requisities of all kinds, nature and description.
35. To purchase, take on lease, acquire in exchange or otherwise own, hold, occur, manage, control, construct, erect, alter, develop, pull down; improve, repair, renovate, work, build, plan; lay out, sell transfer, mortgage, charge, assign, left out, hire; sub-let; sub-lease all types of lands, plots, buildings, hereditaments, bungalows, quarters, offices,

flats, chawls, ware-houses; godowns; shops, stalls, markets, houses, structures, undertakings, constructions, tenements, road, bridges, forests, estates, assets and properties, movable or immovable free hold or lease-hold or whatever nature and description and where situate.

36. To manage land, building and other property whether belonging to the company or not and to collect rents, profits and issues and to provide and supply to tenants or other occupiers, refreshments, light waiting rooms, gardens, lavatories, laundry, convenience, garaging facilities, play grounds, water, air conditioning facilities an equipment, lifts and escalators and all other conveniences and appliances relating to or connected with offices and residences requirements in general.
37. To acquire, construct, maintain, improve, develop, work control, manage, sell dispose of or otherwise turn to account any hotels, clubs, restaurants, places of amusement, pleasure grounds, garden, reading rooms, stores, dairies, estate, orchards, river or harbour sites and other places or sites wherever situated and other works and conveniences of each and every nature and description.
38. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers of video, television, camera, watches, calculators and allied electronic items and components thereof.
39. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers of processed food and allied items.
40. To carry on the business of technical, financial and management consultants and advisers and to enter into collaboration agreements for the manufacture of items, which the Company is the entitled to produce in India and abroad with the companies, firms and individuals, Central and/or State Government and their concerns and to tender and provide all types of services, including managerial, personal, designing, engineering, preparation of feasibility and project reports, drawing, plant layouts, tenders for all the plants and machinery, equipments, buildings, and other structures and helping finalization of contracts and creation and commissioning of plants.
41. To carry on business as timber merchants, saw mill proprietors and timber growers and to buy, sell, grow, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export, and deal in timber and wood of all kinds and to manufacture and deal in articles of all kinds in the manufacture of which timer or wood is used, and to buy, clear, plant and work timber estates, and to establish, own, erect, acquire, work and manage veneer mills, plywood factories and similar mills and factories and to peel, produce, manufacture and prepare for market, store, stock, buy, sell, export, import, distribute, deal in and carry on business in veneers, veneer products, veneer for feachests, matches, bobbins, commercial plywood, plywood for cabinet making, coach building, ship building, aeroplanes, partitions, panellings, doors, windows and other constructional purposes, decorative veneer boards, laminated boards, black boards, composite boards, Compressed boards, pressed boards, hard boards, chip boards, bent wood, moulded wood and any other articles of like nature.
42. To establish purchase, sell, take on lease, hire or otherwise acquire and work, any textile mill, handlooms powerlooms or other mills, cotton ginning and pressing factory, jute mills, jute presses, hemp or other fiber presses, spinning mills, weaving mills and chemicals factories, waste plants or press for pressing, mercandise into bales and to

- cultivate, process, buy, sell, import, export, pledge, speculate, enter into forward transactions and deal in whether as commission agent, broker or otherwise in raw jute, jute goods, cotton kapas, cotton seeds, flax, hemp and silk.
43. To plant cultivate, produce and raise sugarcane, hemp, flax, foodgrains, oilseeds, fruits and seeds, nuts, vegetables and to prepare, preserve, manufacture, crush and render marketable any such produce and to deal in the same.
 44. To constitute any trusts with a view to the issue of preferred securities based on or representing any shares, or other assets specifically appropriated for the purposes of any such trust, and to settle and regulate and, if thought fit, to undertake and execute any such trust and to issue dispose of or hold any such preferred or other securities.
 45. To manufacture, sell, buy and deal in any of such articles and commodities and to carry on the business of manufacture of bricks, tiles, pipes, pottery, earthenware, china and terra cotta, cream and ceramic ware of all kinds.
 46. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors and/or importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, stockists and distributors of and/or dealers in all kinds of Chemicals, and drugs.
 47. To carry on the business of chemists, druggists, researchers, technicians, designers, planners, advisers, purchasers, testers, erectors, superintendents and contractors.
 48. To carry on the business of public carriers, transporters and carries of goods passengers, merchandise, corn commodities and other products and goods and luggage of all kinds and description in any part of India and elsewhere on land, water and air by any conveyances whatsoever.
 49. To manufacture, build, construct, develop, buy, sell, import, export, assemble, equip, distribute, exchange, barter, let on hire, buy or sell on hire purchase or installment system, or otherwise deal in lorries, trucks, motor cars, motor cycles and other motor vehicles, including cycles and scooters of all kinds and description and generally to carry on the business as manufacturers, repairs, assembles, mechanical engineers, carriage builders of motors, mini buses, taxi cabs, lorries, motor and all other kinds of vehicles and vessels for the transport of persons and goods whether propelled or moved by petrol, electricity, steam, oil, vapour or other motives or mechanical power.
 50. To manufacture, buy, sell, exchange, process, refine, melt, prepare, work, alter, improve, import, export and carry on business a agents, distributors, stockists, and otherwise deal in iron, steel, and their scraps and by-products, metal scrap, iron ores and minerals in all forms and to carry on the business of iron and steel founders and manufacturers, iron workers, iron masters, brass founders and metal marker, steel markers, steel converters, fabricators, smiths, tinplate markers, manufacturers of industrial agricultural and other fittings and to establish rolling mills and rollers in their respective branches.
 51. To carry on the business of manufacturers of drums, barrels, packages, tanks and containers, tubes, aerosol, containers of every description from steel, tin and other metals and of such substances like paper boards, plastics, etc. as may furnish materials for such manufacturing in any of its branches.

52. To act a shipping agents, stevedores, freight and chartering brokers, ship brokers, charterers of vessels, suppliers and purveyors of ships and other vessels and boating contractors.
53. To carry on the business of gold and silver smiths and to import, export, buy, sell, exchange or otherwise deal in all types of jewelleries and ornaments and utensils made of gold and or silver.
54. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in air conditioning and refrigeration equipment, consumer and domestic appliances, radios and transistors, electronic equipment, including television and computers, oxygen and ecetylene, electrodes, including graphite electrodes, weighing scales, cement, refractural equipments, thermomenters, flashlight, detonators and explosives, calculators, typewriters and all forms of office equipment, magnets, gauges, and precision instruments all types of electronic equipments, conductors, rectifiers, capacitors, metres, grinding and abrassive equipment, potteries, tiles and ceramics, lighting equipments, oils, and manures.
55. To carry on business as manufacturers, producers, dealers, traders, importers, stockists, distributors or agents of G.L.S. lamps, electric bulds, miniature bulbs, tube lights, flood lights, flash lights, mercury capour bulbs and other type or types of bulbs, lamps, tubes, or other electrical items reuired or used for lighting or for industrial, domestic, electronics, transport, vehicles or commercial purposes and glass shells, fittings, tubes, filaments, tungsten and molydenum, wires, caps and other materials, machineries, accessories and spares required or used for manufacture of bulbs, lamps and tubes.
56. To carry on the business as traders, dealers, wholesalers, retailers, combers, scourers, spinners, weavers, finishers, dyers and manufacturers and processors of yarn and fabrics of wool, cotton, jute, silk, rayon, nylon hemp and other natural, synthetic and/or fibrous substances, including polysters, polyacrylonitrile, polyviny, acetate, cashmilon, acrylic fibers, polyproplene, polymers, onomers, clastomers, and raising of all types, grades and copylymer formulations and forms or as processed goods and including polythelene, ploostyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polymethyl, methacrylatem, eposy, resins, alkyed resins, malamine polycarbonates, polyamids or any other or new substances being improvements upon, modifications of or being derived from additions to petrochemicals or other products or resulting from any processes and/or manufacturer of materials from the waste realised form the above mentioned products either on its own account or on commissions and to carry on the business as drapers and dealers of furnishing fabrics in all its branches as contumiers, readymade dress and mentle makers, silk mercers, and suppliers of closing linherie and trimmings of every kind, furriers, drapers, harberdashers, milliners, hosiers, gloves, lace makers, rope makers, felt and tarpaulin makers, feather dressers, felt makers dealers in and manufacturers of yarns, fabrics and materials of all kinds, varieties and substances; and also to manufacture, deal in or process natural starch and other auxiliaries and sizing materials, dye stuff, synthetic or chemical substances of all kinds and compounds and other substances either basic intermediate or otherwise as required for the above mentioned product or products.
57. To prospect for examine exports, win, get, quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, crus and grind, dress, amalgamate, manipulate and prepare for market, purchase, sell or deal in ores, metals and minerals of all kinds and to carry on any other prospecting, mining or

metallurgical operations and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in minerals, plants, machinery, implements, conveniences, provisions and things capable of being used in connection with prospecting, mining or metallurgical operations.

58. To carry on business as producers, distributors, importers, exporters, exhibitors and financiers of cinematograph film and to manufacture own, acquire, provide, secure, arrange or deal in films and photographic paper and equipment, cameras, sound, recording, musical, lighting appliances, instruments, equipments and machines and to construct, establish, own, hire or otherwise acquire and to manage, let out for rent, fee, monetary gain or otherwise studios, laboratories, theatres, buildings, halls, open air-theatres, bars, restaurants and other buildings or work required for the purposes of production, distribution or exhibition of the films, operas, stageplays, dances operettas, burlesques, vaudeville, revues, ballets, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, promenade concert circus or other performances and entertainments and to act as dealers, importers, exporters of musicals, instruments and records, tapes, cinema and film projectors and cameras, wigs and other products or materials related or connected with the aforesaid objects and business; and to acquire exclusive or limited rights to any play, story, script, musical songs and lyrics, book, article or any technique by producing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring and to use, exercise, develop or exploit or turn to act as agents for training, retaining, arranging and supplying artists, stars, art directors, script or story writers, technicians, extra and other personnel required by the Company or other film, cinema or show business.
59. To carry on the business of manufacturers, fabricators, processors, producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers; producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors and concessionaries of and dealers in commodities of all or any of the following kinds :-
- (a) Drugs, medicines, chemicals, medical plants and all types of plantations, mixtures, powders, tablets, capsules, injections, oils, compounds, creams, scents, glycerine, detergents, glue, gelatin, soaps, lotions, toilet goods, pigments and all kinds of pharmaceutical, cosmetic and medicinal preparations required or used for beauty aid personal hygiene or in allopathic, ayurvedic homeopathic, unani or nature cure methods or system of treatments, bandages, cotton, gauzes, crutches, stretcher and all kinds of anatomical, orthopaedic and surgical appliances and stress including prophylactics.
- (b) Boots, pickers, shoes and footwear of all kinds made of leather, rubber, canvas, plastic or any other synthetic or natural products, waterproof cloth or compound, leather, hides, skins, rexina, rubber, plastic or synthetic cloth, compounds or granules, lasts, boots, trees, buckles, legging, gaiters, heels, laces, boot polishes, protectors, accessories and fittings used in or required for footwear.
60. To manufacture process, import, export, buy, sell and deal in vanaspathi oils, dehydrated vegetable oils, oils made or recessed or solvent extracted from seeds, cotton seeds, coconuts, products of plantations, horticulture, agriculture and forest produce and oil cakes and to get vanaspathi soaps and lubricants made from oils as by-products thereof.
61. To carry on business of manufacture, fabricators, processors, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors and concessionaries of and dealers in flour, cakes, pastry, cornflakes, bread, biscuits, chocolates, confectionary, sweets, fruit, crops, sugar, glucose, chewing gums, milk,

cream, ice, ice-cream; aerated or mineral waters, fruit juices, wines, liquors and other alcoholic drinks and fermentation products, canned fruits and fruit products, milk and malted food, tobacco, cigarettes, cigars, protein foods, maize products, butter, ghee, cheese and other dairy products, pickles, jams, jellies, sausages, cider, pulses, spices, oils, powder and condensed milk, honey, fresh and dehydrated vegetables, coffee, tea, cocoa, seeds, processed seeds, concentrate for cattle or poultry feed, fruits and all kinds of processed foods as well as materials required or used for preparation of or being food articles.

62. To carry on business as producers, importers, exporters, processors, manufacturers, buyers, sellers, distributors, stockists, agents and brokers of oke, copper, iron ore, bauxite, kyanite, fireclay, chinaclay, salt, sodium, chloride, calcium, phosphate, nickle berryllium, uranium; zinc, lead, asbestos, tin, alumina, mercury, silicon, sulphur, graphite, brass, aluminium, silica, sand, bentonite, quartz, destrine, mangasite, dolomite, ferroalloys, corundum, manganese, mice, silver, gold, platinum, diamond, sapphire, ruby, topas, garnet, emerald, pearl and other precious, semi-precious or commercial minerals and stones and to act as metal founders, manufacturers, agents and dealers of metals, sheets, wires, rods, squares, plates, foils; pipers; tubes; ignots; billets, circle sparts, coils, utensils made wholly or partly from an one or more of the metals and materials mentioned herein or their derivatives.
63. To manufacture, deal in and process all kinds of medical and surgical instruments and appliances, industrial instruments and appliances, industrial instruments including maters, weighing machines and devices for including recording and regulating pressire, temperature, rate of flow weights and levels, scientific instruments, mathematical surveying and drawing instruments as well as items produced in miscellaneous mechanical and engineering industries like plastic mulded goods, hand tools, small tools and the like and razor blades.
64. To manufacture, export, import, buy, sell and deal in volatic battery, cell, power pack or storage batteries and battery containers and battery eliminators of different types required for or used in domestic, household, industrial, commercial, agricultural, mining, hospital, surgical or scientific appliances, machinery, aparatus or accessories and railways, tramways, automobile and other vehicles, aircrafts, boats, ships, defence establishments, army, navy and air force, for wireless, radios, torches, toys, electronic equipments or otherwise and also to carry on business as manufacturers of land dealers in torches, toys, personal aids and other appliances working on such batteries and such items and goods which may be useful, skin or otherwise connected with any one or more of the aforesaid items or products.
65. To manufacture, deal in export, import, assemble, fit, repair, convert, alter overhaul, maintain and improve all types of electronic components, devices, equipments and appliances and raw materials, thereof and to deal in and with stores and other materials used in or in connection with electronic and electrical industries.
66. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in capacitors, resistors, tubes, condensors, semi-conductors, materials and devices, transistors, rectifiers, zenerdiodes, thermistors, integrated and hybrid circuits, relays and varistors, potentiometers, connectors, printed circuits, coils, chockes, transformers, switches, volume controls, plugs, sockets, bases, aerial gears, electrical, diesel motor and pumps, batteries, accumulators, cables, metal and other cases, piezo, electric, quartz crystals of all types

including those made from synthetic materials, meters of all kinds including those for industrial, domestic and other uses, etc. chassis holders and covers.

67. To carry on the business of manufacture and or deal in all types of tapes, magnetic and otherwise, tape recorders, televisions, broadcast, relay and reception equipments, phonographs and other equipments used in and/or for audio and visual communications, apparatus equipments including those using electro-magnetic waves intended for radio telegraphic or radio-telephonic communications, photo-copies, electronic lighting controls, continuous fan motors speed controls, continuous flashers and fire alarm systems, digital and other electronic clocks, time relays, electro-mechanical pneumatic controls, automatic calculators, x-ray machines, surgical, medical and other appliances intended for electro and other therapy treatment.
68. To carry on the business of manufactures, producers, reliners, exporters, importers, buyers and sellers of and dealers in all and any salts, fertilizers, manures, dips, sprays, vermifuges, fungicides, insecticides, germicides, medicines and remedies of all kinds for agricultural tree and fruit growing, gardening and other purposes or as remedies for humans and animals and whether produced from vegetables, minerals, gaseous or animal matter or substances by any process whether chemical, mechanical, electrical or otherwise.
69. To manufacture, export, import, buy, sell and deal in containers, cans, boxes, drums, cylinders, bottle tops, crown corks, packages materials, bags, pressed netwares, utensils, cutlery, tablewares and articles made all of tin, metal, aluminum, plates, sheets, glass, fibres, paper, board, cloth, hessian, leather, plastic or other synthetic compound or materials, timber or plywood and to deal in tin plate, wire, aluminium sheets and to undertake either on own account or on commission basis or otherwise printing, painting, designing, enamelling, electroplating, engraving or otherwise decorating the aforesaid products or any of such products or articles.
70. To carry on research and develop work for industrial, agricultural and minerals, productiviting and methods of production into matters and problems relating to accountancy business, management, distribution, marketing and selling and to collect, analyse, examine, prepare, formulate, publish, distribute and circulate data, statistics, reports, journals, books, magazines, newspapers, literature and information relating to any type of business, trade, industry, sports, education, society, cinema or real estates and to promote or propose such methods, procedures and measures as may be considered desirable or beneficial for all or any of the objects of the Company and for extending, developing and/or improving any type or business, trade, estate, industry, commerce organisation, methods, techniques, technical know-how, patents, trade makers and procedures to consider and evaluate problems relating to administration, management, manufacture, production, storage distribution, finance, marketing and sale and/or relating to the rendering of any service.
71. To act as registrars and share transfer agents, shipping and forwarding agents or merchants, agents and to do any kind of commercial or agency business.
72. To carry on business as designers, fabricators, manufacturers, importers, exporters, contractors, constructors, and erectors of buildings, plants and machineries of all kinds and to provide all services and facilities in connection therewith and to act as contractors for the supply of labour, personnel and expert manpower in India or in any part of the world.
73. To carry on business of manufacturers, fabricators, processors, producers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors, and concessionaries of all types of refractories.

74. To carry on the business of purchase, sale, hiring, letting, importers, exporters, breeders and developers of thorough bred and other horses, mares or geldings and to develop and maintain breeding farms and race-courses and all facilities connected therewith.
75. To carry on the business of manufacture of saddles and saddlery and other equipments required for house and horse-racing and to engage and participate in any races, held or conducted under any recognised racing rules under any law for the time being in force.
76. To make or take wagers or bets and settle the same upon any race held under the recognised racing rules under any law for the time being in force provided that the Company shall not carry on any business or engage in any activity of fanning or wagering prohibited by any law for the time being in force.
- 77(1) To promote, build, develop, maintain, operate, repair, reconstruct, transfer infrastructure projects including projects on turnkey basis of all types and description including roads, highways, tunnels, pipelines, expressways, flyovers, bypasses, airports, power plants, bridges, industrial estates, parks such as apparel park, technology parks, cargo terminals, ports, harbors, cargo berths, dams, jetties, tank-farms, storage and warehouses, cold chains, irrigation projects, water supply, sanitation, sewerage and waste disposal and treatment system, waste management, waste water management, mining activities, electric and electronic projects, electric power generation including energy generation from renewable resources, power distribution, telecommunication, oil and gas exploration, production and distribution in India or abroad.
- 77 (2) To purchase, acquire, take on lease or in exchange or in any other lawful manner any area, land, buildings, structures and to turn the same into account, develop the same and dispose of or maintain the same and to build markets, or other buildings and commercial or conveniences, drainage facility and to deal with the same in any manner whatsoever to and entering in to contracts and arrangements of all kinds with land owners builders, tenants, and others.
- IV. The liability of the members is limited.
- **V. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 11,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eleven Crores Only) divided into 5,50,00,000 (Five Crores Fifty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 2/- (Rupees Two) each, with the rights, privileges and conditions attached thereto as are provided by regulations of the Company for the time being in force , with power to increase and reduce the Capital of the Company and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with the regulations of the Company and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be provided by the regulations of the Company.

**** The face value of equity share has been sub-divided from Rs 10/- per equity share to Rs 2/- per equity share vide Special Resolution passed by the members of the Company at their annual general meeting held on 26th September, 2016.**

We the several persons, whose names and addresses are hereunder subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Name, address, description and occupation of each subscriber	No. of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Name, address, description and occupation of witness & his signature
Sushil Kumar Sharma 18 Netaji Subhash Road, Calcutta - 700 001 S/o Ganesh Lal Sharma Service	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	Sd/- Witness for all Seven Signatories V.A. PRAKASAN 1/44, Ashok Nagar, Regent Park P.O. Calcutta - 40 S/o. Shri P. S. Achuttan Service
Pradip Kumar Mehra 43, Vivekanand Road, Calcutta - 700 007 S/o. Kailashnath Mehra Service	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Shiv Kumar Agarwal 25/1, Raja Nabakristo Street, Calcutta-700006. S/o. Mahadeo P. Agarwal Business	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Amit Kumar Ghose 24, Bagh Bazar, Calcutta - 700 009. S/o. Kanai Ghose Service	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Prem Kumar Rathi 47-B, Kali K. Tagore St. S/o. Sohanlal Rathi Calcutta-700 007. Business	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Navin Roy 1, Coloobola Street, Calcutta - 700 001 S/o. Kashi Roy Service	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Prem Nath Das B/34, Katji Nagar, P.O. Jadavpur, Calcutta-32 S/o. Chitta Ranjan Das Service	10 Equity Shares	Sd/	
Total	70 (Seventy) Equity Shares		

Place : Bombay
Date : 19th February 1985

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
VAMA INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Preliminary

The regulations contained in Table F in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to the Company except so far as they are contrary to the following Articles, which shall be the regulations for the management of the Company. In the event of any conflict between these Articles and the Regulations in Table F, these Articles shall prevail.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.


1. INTERPRETATION CLAUSE:

The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof. In these regulations, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings unless excluded by the subject or context:-

- (a) "Act" or "The Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
- (b) "Articles" means these Articles of Association or as altered from time to time.
- (c) "Beneficial owner" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Clause (a) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (d) "Board of directors" or "board" means the collective body of the directors of the company;
- (e) "Company" or "this Company" shall mean "Vama Industries Limited".

The erstwhile Articles of Association was replaced by the new set of Articles of Association containing Article 1 to Article 155 vide Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on 13th July, 2013.

For VAMA INDUSTRIES LTD.


Managing Director

- (f) "Depositories Act, 1996" shall include any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.
- (g) "Depository" shall mean a depository as defined in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (h) "Director" means a director appointed on the Board of the company.
- (i) "Dividend" includes any interim dividend.
- (j) "In writing" includes printing, lithography, typewriting and any other usual substitutes for writing.
- (k) "Member" in relation to the company, means—
- (i) the subscriber to the memorandum of the company who shall be deemed to have agreed to become member of the company, and on its registration, shall be entered as member in its register of members;
 - (ii) every other person who agrees in writing to become a member of the company and whose name is entered in the register of members of the company;
 - (iii) every person holding shares of the company and whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depository;
- (l) "Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of a company as originally framed or as altered from time to time in pursuance of any previous company law or of this Act.
- (m) "Month" shall mean an English Calendar Month.
- (n) "Paid-up share capital" means such aggregate amount of money credited as paid-up.
- (o) "Person" shall include any partnership, association, corporation, company as well as individuals.
- (p) "The Register" means Register of Members to be maintained by the Company as required under Section 88 of the Act and where shares are held in dematerialized form, includes the Register of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository.
- (q) "Registrar" means a Registrar, an Additional Registrar, a Joint Registrar, a Deputy Registrar or an Assistant Registrar, having the duty of registering companies and discharging various functions under this Act.
- (r) "Share" means a share in the share capital of a company and includes stock.
- (s) "Subscribed capital" means such part of the capital which is for the time being subscribed by the members of a company.
- (t) "Special Resolution" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.

“Seal” means the common seal of the Company.

- (u) “Whole-Time Director includes a director in the whole-time employment of the company.
- (v) Words importing the singular shall include the plural and words importing the plural shall include the singular.
- (w) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and vice-versa.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

Capital:

2. (i) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company be as laid in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its equity shares, debentures and other marketable securities in accordance with the applicable law and/or regulations promulgated from time to time.
- (iii) Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive the security certificates or to hold the securities in electronic form with a depository.

If a person opts to hold his security with a Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depositories, the details of allotment of the security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required Certificate(s) of Securities.

- (iv) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of securities on behalf of the beneficial owner.

Save as otherwise provided above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.

The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a depository.

- (v) Where the securities are held with a depository, the records of the transfer of securities in the name of the beneficial owner may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of discs.

Issue / Allotment of shares:

3. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the applicable Rules made thereunder, the Company / Board shall have power to issue / allot shares, whether on preferential basis or otherwise, from time to time and the shares shall be under the control of the Directors who may allot or otherwise dispose off the same to such persons, on such terms and conditions and at such times as the Directors think fit.

Power to issue shares with differential voting rights:

4. The Company shall have the power to issue shares with such differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise, subject to the compliance with the provisions of the Act, Rules made thereunder or any other law as may be applicable.

Power of company to purchase its own securities

5. The Company may purchase its own Equity Shares or other Securities, as may be specified by the Act, by way of a buy-back arrangement, in accordance with Sections 68, 69 and 70 of the Act, the Rules and subject to compliance with Law.

Share Certificate:

6. (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided –
 - a. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 - b. several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of such sum for each certificate after the first as may be decided by the Board.
- (ii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
- (iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

Duplicate Certificate:

7. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.

Splitting and Consolidation:

8. Any person (whether the register holder of the shares or not) being in possession of any Share Certificate(s) for the time being may surrender the said Share Certificate to the Company and apply to the Company for the issue of two or more fresh share certificates comprising the same shares bearing the same distinctive numbers as were comprised in the said Certificates and in such separate lots as he may desire, in lieu of the such share certificates so surrendered, or for the consolidation of the shares comprised in such surrendered certificates into one certificate.

Issue of Certificates:

9. Every certificate of title to the share or shares shall be issued only in accordance with the provisions of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 or any

amendment thereof or any provision of law applicable thereto, for the time being in force.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulations or requirements of any stock exchange or the rules made under the Act or rules made under the Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other Act or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

10. The provisions of Articles 6, 7, 8 and 9 shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the company.

Trust not recognised:

11. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Power to pay commission:

- 12.(i) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate percent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
- (iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- (iv) The Company can also pay on any issue of shares or debentures, brokerage not exceeding such rate as may be prescribed.

Variation of rights:

13. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
- (iii) The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

Further issue of shares:

14. The Company shall be authorised to increase its subscribed capital by issue of further shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 42 and 62 of the Act, and the relevant Rules made thereunder.

Preference Shares :

15. The Company, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the consent of the Board, shall have power to issue on a cumulative or non-cumulative basis convertible and / or redeemable preference shares liable to be converted or redeemed in any manner permissible under the Act and the Directors may, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, exercise such power as they deem fit and provide for redemption at a premium or otherwise and/or conversion of such shares into such Securities on such terms as they may deem fit.
- 15A. Upon the issue of preference shares the provisions of Section 55 of the Act shall apply. Further
- i. the premium, if any, payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's securities premium account, before the shares are redeemed;
 - ii. the redemption of preference shares under this Article by the Company shall not be taken as reduction of Share Capital;
 - iii. whenever the Company shall redeem any redeemable preference shares or cumulative convertible redeemable preference shares, the Company shall, within 30 (thirty) days thereafter, give notice thereof to the Registrar of Companies as required by Section 64 of the Act.

Liability of joint holders of shares:

16. The joint holders of a share or shares be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share or shares.

Issue of shares other than for cash:

17. The Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property sold or goods transferred or machinery or appliances supplied or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition and/or conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up shares provided that the said power vested in the directors by this article shall not be exercised except by the unanimous consent of all the Directors and in the absence of such unanimity, with the previous sanction of a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company.

Sweat equity:

18. The Company shall have power to issue sweat equity shares to its employees or directors for cash or against consideration (other than cash) for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value

additions by whatever name called, subject to the provisions of Section 54 of the Act and any other related provisions as may be required for the time being in force.

Acceptance of shares:

19. An application signed by or on behalf of the applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be acceptance of shares within the meaning of these articles and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is in the register shall for the purpose of these Articles be a member.

Debentures:

20. Unless otherwise provided, the provisions of these Articles relating to Transfer and Transmission of shares, Share Certificate, Lien, Calls and Forfeiture shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to Debentures.

LIEN

Company's lien on shares:

21. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—
- (a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
 - (b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:
- Provided** that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.
- (ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
- Unless otherwise agreed the registration of transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any on such shares.

As to enforcing lien by sale:

22. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
 - (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
23. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
- (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

- (iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Application of proceeds of sale:

- 24. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
- (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares, at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

- 25.(i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

- (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
- (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

Liability of joint holders of share:

- 26. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

Interest on calls:

- 27. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten percent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
- (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

Sums payable at fixed times to be treated as calls:

- 28. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly

made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

- (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Payment of call in advance:

29. The Board—

- (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and
- (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve percent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture:

- 30. Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for call or other moneys due in respect of any share nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time be due from any member in respect of any share either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

Person by whom installments are payable:

- 31. If by the conditions of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, every such installments shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative or representatives, if any.

Transfer of Shares :

- 32. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

Board's right to refuse to register:

- 33. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register—
 - (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.

- 34. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—

- (a) The instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
- (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) The instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

Provided that where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that an instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and transferee has been lost or the instrument of transfer has not been delivered within the prescribed period, the Company may register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the Board may think fit.

- 35.** On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

- 36. (i)** An application for the registration of the transfer of any share or shares may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor, no registration shall in the case of partly paid shares be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee.
- (ii)** The Company shall, unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.

- 37.** Nothing in Article 32, 33 and 34 shall prejudice any power of the Board to register as a shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law or to refuse to register the transfer of any shares to a transferee whether member or not.

Transfer fee:

- 38.** No fee shall be charged by the Company for registration of transfer or transmission of shares or for registration on the death of any member or for registering any Letters of probate, Letters of Administration and similar documents or for issue of fresh share certificate in lieu of surrendered certificates for consolidation, splitting or otherwise.

Register of members:

- 39.** The Company shall keep one or more books to be called the "Register of Members" and therein shall be entered the particulars of the shares required by the Act to be entered in such register.

Custody of transfer deeds:

40. The instrument of transfer shall, after registration, remain in the custody of the Company.

Transmission of shares:

41. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

Rights and Liabilities of Legal representatives:

42. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
 - (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

Notice of election by legal representatives:

43. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
44. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Company's right to register transfer by apparent legal owner:

45. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of their registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right or referred thereto in any books of the Company and the Company shall not be bound by or required to regard or attend to or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any such equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in the books of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to have regard and to attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board shall think fit.

Forfeiture of shares

If call or installment not paid, notice may be given:

46. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

Forms of Notice:

47. The notice aforesaid shall—

- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

If Notice not complied with shares may be forfeited:

48. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Sale of forfeited shares:

49. (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

Liability after forfeiture:

- 50.** (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

Declaration of forfeiture:

51. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
- (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

Non-payment of sums payable at fixed times:

52. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Surrender of shares:

53. The Board may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, the surrender of any share liable to forfeiture and so far as the law permits of any other shares.

Set-off moneys due to shareholders:

54. Any money due from the Company to a shareholder may, without the consent of such shareholder, be applied by the Company in or towards payment of any money due from him either alone or jointly with any other person, to the Company in respect of calls.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

Power to increase or reduce capital:

55. The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
56. (i) Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid up shares of any denomination;

- (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (d) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
- (ii) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles, the new shares shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise as the shares in the original share capital.

Conversion of shares into stock:

57. Where shares are converted into stock,—

- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.

Reduction of capital:

58. The Company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,—

- (a) its share capital;
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
- (c) any share premium account.

Capitalisation of profits:

- 59.** (i) The Company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
 - (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been

entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.

- (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
 - (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
 - (C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
- (iii) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;

The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.

- 60.** (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures if any; and
 - (b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- (ii) The Board shall have power—
- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
 - (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;
- (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

GENERAL MEETINGS

61. Annual General Meeting:

- a. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting specified as its Annual General Meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices convening such meetings. Further, not more than 15 (fifteen) months gap shall exist between the date of one Annual General Meeting and

the date of the next.

- b. A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than 21 (twenty one) days clear notice in writing or in electronic mode. However, a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than 95 (ninety five) percent of the Shareholders entitled to vote at that meeting.
- c. With regard to resolutions in respect of which special notice is required to be given by the Act, a special notice shall be given as required by Section 115 of the Act.
- d. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 (thirty) days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act.
- e. Save as aforesaid, and as provided in Section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- f. The notice of the General Meeting shall comply with the provisions of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.

Extraordinary General Meeting:

- 62.** (i) All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
- (ii) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (iii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.
- 63.**
- (i) Accidental omission to give notice of any General Meeting, whether AGM and / or EGM to any members or any other person entitled thereto, or the non-receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.
- (ii) No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter into, discuss or transact any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices by which it was convened.

Passing resolution by Postal Ballot

- 64.**
- (a) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of these Articles, the Company may, and in the case of business as notified under the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended, or other Law required to be passed by postal ballot, the Company shall transact the same by means of a postal ballot (including voting by electronic means), instead of transacting the business in the General Meeting of the Company. Also, the Company may, in respect of any item of business other than ordinary business and any business in respect of which

Directors or Auditors have a right to be heard at any meeting, transact the same by way of postal ballot (including voting by electronic means).

Where the Company decides to pass any resolution by resorting to postal ballot, it shall follow the procedures as prescribed under Section 110 of the Act and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING

Quorum:

- 65.** (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.

Chairman of General Meeting :

66.

- a. The Chairman of the Board shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairman of the Board or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting or if he is unable or unwilling to take the Chair, then the Directors present shall elect one of them as Chairman. If no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall elect one of their members to be the Chairman of the meeting. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman while the Chair is vacant.
- b. The Chairman may, with the consent given in the meeting at which a quorum is present (and if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the General Meeting from time to time and from place to place within the city, town or village in which the Office of the Company is situate but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- c. In the case of equal votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll, (if any), have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder.

Adjournment of meeting:

- 67.** (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

- (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Casting vote:

- 68.** In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

Demand for Poll:

- 69.** A poll demanded for adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman of the meeting shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any question other than adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman shall be taken at such time, not being later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made, as the Chairman of the meeting may direct.

VOTING RIGHTS

Votes:

- 70.** Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of share, on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company.
- 71.** A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.

Joint Holders:

- 72. (i)** In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii)** For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

Member of unsound mind:

- 73.** A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote either on his own or by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll:

- 74.** Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

No member entitled to vote while call due to Company:

75. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.

Validity of votes:

76. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
- (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Proxies permitted on polls

77. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A Company may vote in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

PROXY

Proxy to be deposited at the office:

78. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Form of Proxy

79. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105 of the Act.

Validity of vote by proxy:

80. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Number of Directors:

- 81.** Unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and not more than 15 (fifteen).

Chairman of the Board of Directors

82.

- i. Sri V.A. Rama Raju, notwithstanding the fact that he simultaneously holds the office of Managing Director or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company or any other Key Managerial Personnel, shall be the Chairman of the Company, who shall act as Chairman of all the Meetings of the Board, until he resigns from the said office or the Board determines otherwise.
- ii. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the members of the Board may elect any one of them as the Chairman of the Board.
- iii. Subject to Article 66, the Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Board and the General Meetings of the Company. The Chairman shall have a casting vote in the event of a tie.
- iv. If for any reason the Chairman is not present at the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, the members of the Board shall appoint any one of the remaining Directors as the Chairman.

Alternate Director

- 83.** Subject to Section 161 of the Act, the Board shall be entitled to nominate an alternate director to act for him during his absence for a period of not less than 3 (three) months from India. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India . If the term of the office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India , any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for automatic re-appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

Casual Vacancy and Additional Director

- 84.** Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board shall have the power at any time and from time to time to appoint any Person to be a Director either as an addition to the Board or to fill a casual vacancy but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed under Article 81. Any Person so appointed as an addition shall hold office only up to the earlier of the date of the next Annual General Meeting or at the last date on which the Annual General Meeting should have been held but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a Director at that meeting subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

NOMINEE DIRECTOR

Appointment

- 85.** Whenever the Board enters into a contract with any lenders for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or enter into any other arrangement, the Board shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act the power to agree that such lenders shall have the right to appoint or nominate by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the common loan agreement/ facility agreement. The nominee director representing lenders shall not be required to hold qualification shares and not be liable to retire by rotation. The Directors may also agree that any such Director, or Directors may be removed from time to time by the lenders entitled to appoint or nominate them and such lenders may appoint another or other or others in his or their place and also fill in any vacancy which may occur as a result of any such Director, or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatever. The nominee director shall hold office only so long as any monies remain owed by the Company to such lenders.

Rights of Nominee Director

- 86.** The nominee director shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges of other Directors including the sitting fees and expenses as payable to other Directors but, if any other fees, commission, monies or remuneration in any form are payable to the Directors, the fees, commission, monies and remuneration in relation to such nominee director shall accrue to the lenders and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the lenders.

Provided that if any such nominee director is an officer of any of the lenders, the sittings fees in relation to such nominee director shall also accrue to the lenders concerned and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to that lenders.

Any expenditure that may be incurred by the lenders or the nominee director in connection with the appointment or directorship shall be borne by the Company.

The nominee director shall be entitled to receive all notices, agenda, etc. and to attend all general meetings and Board meetings and meetings of any committee(s) of the Board of which he is a member and to receive all notices, agenda and minutes, etc. of the said meeting.

If at any time, the nominee director is not able to attend a meeting of Board or any of its committees, of which he is a member, the lenders may depute an observer to attend the meeting. The expenses incurred by the lenders in this connection shall be borne by the Company.

No Qualification Shares for Directors

- 87.** A Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares of the Company.

Remuneration of Directors

- 88.** Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, the Rules, Law including the provisions of the listing agreement, a Managing Director or Managing Directors, and any other Director/s who is/are in the whole time employment of the Company may be paid remuneration either by a way of monthly payment or by way of commission calculated at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or a lumpsum amount or partly by one way and partly by the other, subject to the limits prescribed under the Act.

Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, a Director (other than a Managing Director or an executive Director) may receive a sitting fee not exceeding such sum as may be determined by the Board from time to time for each meeting of the Board or any Committee thereof attended by him.

In addition to the sitting fee for attending meetings of the Board or committees, the non-executive Directors shall also be entitled to receive remuneration in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act and the applicable Rules made thereunder.

Special remuneration for extra services rendered by a Director

- 89.** If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any Committee formed by the Directors), the Board may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board. Such remuneration may either be in addition, to or in substitution for his remuneration otherwise provided, subject to the applicable provisions of the Act.

Travel expenses of Directors

- 90.** The Board shall be entitled to bear, pay and even reimburse to any Director, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, lodging and/ or other expenses, in addition to his fee for attending such Board / Committee meetings or Shareholders Meetings, as above specified; and if any Director be called upon to go or reside out of his ordinary place of his residence on the Company's business, he shall be entitled to be repaid and reimbursed travelling and other expenses incurred in connection with the business of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Continuing Directors

- 91.** The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if, and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by Article 81 hereof, the continuing Directors not being less than two may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or for summoning a General Meeting, but for no other purpose.

One-third of Directors to retire every year

- 92.** At the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in every year, one third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation for time being, or, if their

number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office, and they will be eligible for re-election. Provided nevertheless that the managing Director or the Directors appointed as a Debenture Director under Articles hereto shall not retire by rotation under this Article nor shall they be included in calculating the total number of Directors of whom one third shall retire from office under this Article. Provided that, if at any time the number of Directors (including whole-time Director) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the Directors for the time being then such of the whole-time Director or two or more of them as the Directors may from time to time determine shall be liable to retirement by rotation to the intent that the number of Directors not liable to retirement by rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors at any point of time.

Company may increase or reduce the number of Directors.

93. Subject to these Articles and Section 149 and 152 of the Act, the Company may, by Special Resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and the Company may, (subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act), remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Managing Director(s)/ Whole Time Director(s) / Executive Director(s)/ Manager

94. Subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act and the provisions these Articles, the Board shall have the power to appoint Managing Director/ whole time director, executive director or manager of the Company.

Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board, the day-to-day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the Managing Director(s)/ whole time director(s) / executive director(s)/ manager in the manner as deemed fit by the Board and subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, and these Articles, the Board may by resolution vest any such Managing Director(s)/ whole time director(s) / executive director(s)/ manager with such of the powers hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such conditions and subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, and these Articles confer such power either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

The Board / members shall be empowered to fix the remuneration of a Managing Director/ whole time director or executive director or manager by way of fixed salary and/or perquisites or commission calculated at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or a lumpsum amount, or by any or all these modes or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act read with Schedule V thereto.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, a Managing Director(s) / whole time director(s) / executive director(s) / manager shall subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and if he ceases to

hold the office of a Director he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director(s) / whole time director(s) / executive director(s) / manager.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Meetings:

95.

- (a) At least 4 (four) Board Meetings shall be held in any calendar year and there should not be a gap of more than 120 (one hundred twenty) days between two consecutive Board Meetings.
- (b) The participation of Directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or other audio visual means, as may be prescribed, which are capable of recording and recognising the participation of the Directors and of recording and storing the proceedings of such meetings along with date and time. However, such matters as provided under the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 shall not be dealt with in a meeting through video conferencing or other audio visual means. Any meeting of the Board held through video conferencing or other audio visual means shall only be held in accordance with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014.

Venue of Board Meeting:

- 96.** The Board may meet either at the Office of the Company, or at any other location in India or outside India as the Chairman may determine.

Notice of Board Meeting

- 97.** The Company Secretary shall, as and when directed by the Chairman convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every Director in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014.

At least 7 (seven) days' notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being at his address registered with the Company and such notice shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or by electronic means. A meeting of the Board may be convened in accordance with these Articles by a shorter notice in case of any emergency as directed by the Chairman or the Managing Director or the Executive Director, as the case may be, subject to the presence of 1 (one) Independent Director in the said meeting. If an Independent Director is not present in the said meeting, then decisions taken at the said meeting shall be circulated to all the Directors and shall be final only upon ratification by one independent Director. Such notice or shorter notice may be sent by post or by fax or e-mail depending upon the circumstances.

Quorum for Board Meetings

98.

Subject to the provisions of Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for each Board Meeting shall be one-third of its total strength and the presence of Directors by

video conferencing or by other audio visual means shall also be counted for the purposes of calculating quorum.

If any duly convened Board Meeting cannot be held for want of a quorum, then such a meeting shall automatically stand adjourned for 7 (seven) days after the original meeting at the same time and place, or if that day is a national holiday, on the succeeding day which is not a public holiday to the same time and place. Provided however, the adjourned meeting may be held on such other date and such other place as may be unanimously agreed to by all the Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

If in the event of a quorum once again not being available at such an adjourned meeting, the Directors present shall constitute the quorum and may transact business for which the meeting has been called.

Questions at the Board Meetings how decided

99.

- (a) Questions arising at any meeting of the Board, other than as specified in these Articles and the Act, if any, shall be decided by a majority vote. Each Director may exercise 1 (one) vote. The adoption of any resolution of the Board shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors present at a duly constituted Board Meeting. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- (b) No regulation made by the Company in General Meeting, shall invalidate any prior act of the Board, which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

Powers of the Board

100.

- (a) The Board shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such acts and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do under the applicable provisions of the Act, subject to the provisions of Section 179 and 180 of the Act and the applicable Rules made thereunder, or by the memorandum and articles of association of the Company.
- (b) The Board is vested with the entire management and control of the Company, including as regards any and all decisions and resolutions to be passed, for and on behalf of the Company.
- (c) All powers and duties vested in the Managing/Whole-Time Director(s) for the time being in accordance with the provisions of these present or by a resolution of the Board of Directors may subject to any directions to the contrary by the Board, be exercised by any one of them.

Power to Borrow:

- 101.** The Board of Directors may from time to time but subject to the provisions of Section 179 and 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder raise any money or monies or sums of money for the purpose of the Company as they deem fit by the issue of debentures, promissory notes or by opening current accounts, or by receiving deposits and advances with or without security, or by issue of bonds and in security of any such money so borrowed, raised or received, to mortgage, pledge or charge, the whole or any part of the undertaking property, rights, assets, or revenue of the Company, present or future, including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and give the lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities.

Provided that the Directors may by resolution at a meeting of the Board delegate the power to borrow money otherwise than on debentures to a Committee of Directors or the Managing Director or Whole-Time Director or Manager subject to the limits upto which the money may be so borrowed as may be specified in the said resolution.

Committees and delegation by the Board

102.

- (a) The Board may in accordance with the provisions of the Act or any other Law and the provisions of the listing agreement, form such committees comprising such members (whether forming part of Board or not) as may be required and deemed necessary.
- (b) Without prejudice to the powers conferred by the other Articles and so as not to in any way to limit or restrict those powers, the Board may, subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act, delegate any of its powers to the Managing Director(s), the executive director(s) or manager or the chief executive officer of the Company. The Managing Director(s), the executive director(s) or the manager or the chief executive officer(s) as aforesaid shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on them by the Board and all acts done by them in exercise of the powers so delegated and in conformity with such regulations shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
- (c) Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act, the requirements of Law and these Articles, the Board may delegate any of its powers to the Committees as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee either wholly or in part and either as to persons or purposes. Every Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

- (d) All acts undertaken at any meeting of the Board or of a Committee, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it may afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to the acts undertaken by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have been terminated.

Passing of resolution by circulation

- 103.** No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft form, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or members of the Committee, as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company in India by hand delivery or by post or by courier, or through such electronic means as may be provided under the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and has been approved by majority of Directors or members, who are entitled to vote on the resolution. However, in case one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being require that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

A resolution mentioned above shall be noted at a subsequent meeting of the Board or the Committee thereof, as the case may be, and made part of the minutes of such meeting.

Minutes of the proceedings of the Board Meetings

104.

- a) The Company shall prepare minutes of each Board Meeting and the entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered. Such minutes shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings conducted at the Board Meeting.
- b) Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
- c) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat and shall also contain: -
 - i. all appointments of Officers;
 - ii. the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Board;
 - iii. all resolutions and proceedings of the meetings of the Board;
 - iv. the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from, or not concurring

in, any resolution passed by the Board.

- d) Nothing contained in sub Articles (a) to (c) above shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting: -
 - i. is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person;
 - ii. is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
 - iii. is detrimental to the interests of the Company.
- e) The Chairman shall exercise absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the ground specified in sub Article (d) above.
- f) Minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the aforesaid provisions shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Power to remove directors by ordinary resolution:

- 105.** Subject to provisions of Section 169 of the Act, the Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his place. A Director so appointed shall hold office upto the date which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed.

Acts done by meeting valid notwithstanding defective appointment:

- 106.** All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

Attorney of the Company:

- 107.** Subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, the Directors may by majority appoint at any time and from time to time by a power of attorney under the Company's seal, any person to be the Attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorney as the Board may think fit.

Power to authorise sub-delegation:

- 108.** The Directors may by majority, authorise any such delegate or attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers and authorities for the time being vested in them.

Charge on uncalled capital

- 109.** If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security the Board may, by instrument under the Company's seal, authorize the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed or any other person in trust for him, to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital, and the provisions herein before contained in regard to calls, shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls and the power to make such calls may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently and either to the exclusion of the Board's power or otherwise and shall be assignable if expressed so to be.

Subsequent assignees of uncalled capital:

- 110.** Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the shareholder or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

Charges in favour of Director for indemnity:

- 111.** If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or other person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Expenses to be charged to the Company:

- 112.** The Managing/Whole-Time Director(s) shall be entitled to charge and be paid for all actual expenses, if any, which they may incur for or in connection with the business of the Company. They shall be entitled to appoint part-time employees in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and shall be entitled to be paid by the Company for any remuneration that they may pay to such part-time employees.

Powers of Managing/Whole-Time Directors:

- 113.** The Managing/Whole-time Director shall, subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors have power to do all such acts and things which are usually necessary or desirable in the management of the affairs of the Company. Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred hereby, he shall have inter alia, the following broad powers subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors:-
- a. To pay the costs, charges and expenses, preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company and fees and stamps paid in respect thereof and the costs of advertising, printing, stationery, brokerage, legal charges, furniture and fittings of office and such other costs.
 - b. To sell for cash or on credit and either wholesale or in retail and for ready or future delivery and realize the proceeds of sale of property, movable or immovable or any rights or privileges belonging to the Company or in which

the Company is interested or over which the Company may have any such power of disposal and to exchange any such property or right belonging to the Company for other property or rights.

- c. To determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's dividend warrants, cheques, promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, releases, contracts and to give the necessary authority for such purposes.
- d. To execute all deeds, agreements, contracts, receipts and other documents that may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of the Company and to make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys or goods of property received in the usual course of business of the Company or lent or payable to or belonging to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- e. To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions, suits and legal proceedings by or against the Company or its offences, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound or compromise or submit to arbitration the same actions, suits and legal proceedings.
- f. To enter into, vary or cancel all or nay of the contracts entered into by or on behalf of the Company.
- g. To engage and in their discretion to remove, suspend, dismiss and remunerate bankers, legal advisors, accountants, managers, cashiers, clerks, agents, commission agents, dealers, brokers, foremen, servants, employees of every description and to employ and remunerate such professional or technical or skilled assistants as from time to time may in their opinion be necessary or advisable in the interests of the Company and upon such terms as to duration of employment, remuneration or otherwise and may require security in such instances and to such amounts as the Managing/Whole-time Director shall think fit.
- h. To acquire, purchase, lease, exchange, pledge, hypothecation or otherwise transfer, lands, estates, fields, buildings, office show-rooms, go downs and other buildings, machinery, engine, plant, rolling stock, tools, machine tools, outfits, stores, hardware and any other materials or whatever description either on credit or for cash and for present or future delivery.
- i. To plant, develop, improve, cut down, process, sell or otherwise, dispose of the products of the Company and to incur all expenses in this behalf.
- j. To erect, maintain, repair, equip, alter and extend buildings and machinery in any place.
- k. To enter into all negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.
- l. To pay all moneys due by the Company and look after the finance of the Company.
- m. To open current and time-deposit account or other accounts with banker or bankers at their choice and to operate on such accounts and also when necessary to overdraw or take loans on such accounts on the security of the Company or of any of its assets.
- n. To draw, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate and discharge on behalf of the Company all bills or exchange, promissory notes, cheques, hundies, drafts, railway receipts, dock warrants, delivery orders, Government promissory notes, other Government instruments, bonds, debentures or debenture-stocks

of Corporation, local bodies, port trust, improvement trusts or other corporate bodies and to execute transfer deeds for transferring stocks, shares or stock certificates of the Government and other local or corporate bodies in connection with any business or any subject of the Company.

- o. Subject to Article 94 to borrow from time to time such sums of money for the purposes of the Company upon such terms as may be expedient and with or without security.
- p. To receive or give effectual receipts and discharge on behalf of and against the Company for moneys, funds, goods or property lent, payable or belonging to the Company or for advances against the goods of the Company.
- q. To make or receive advance of money, goods, machinery, plant and other things by way of sale, mortgage, hypothecation, lien, pledge, deposit or otherwise in such manner and on such terms as the Managing/Whole-time Director may deem fit.
- r. To submit to arbitration and enforce the fulfillment of awards regarding any claims in which the Company may be interested, to adjust, settle or compromise any claims due to or by the Company and to give to debtors of the Company time for payment.
- s. To institute, appear in or defend any legal proceeding in the name of and on behalf of the Company, to sign any pleading and other documents, to engage and to instruct any Advocate, Solicitors and Lawyers and to execute any vakalat or other authority in their favour and to compound and compromise any claim, suit or proceedings.
- t. To make all manner of insurances.
To delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Managing/Whole-time Director and also from time to time provide by the appointment of an attorney or attorneys to sign seal, execute, deliver, register or cause to be registered all instruments, deeds, documents or writings, usually necessary or expedient for any of the purposes of the Company and not requiring the common seal of the Company, provided that the Directors may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of the above powers, provided that the Managing/Whole-time Director shall not exercise the power to:
 - i. make calls on shareholders in respect of moneys unpaid on the shares of the Company.
 - ii. issue debentures, borrow moneys or make loans except within the limits as may be fixed by the Directors at a Board meeting.

THE SEAL

Common Seal:

- 114.** The Directors shall provide a seal of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof. The seal shall be kept at the Registered Office of the Company and committed to the custody of the Managing Director or any other Director or the Secretary or such other person as the Board may determine from time to time.

Deeds how executed:

- 115.** The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least one director and of the company secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such director and the company secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

Provided nevertheless that any instrument bearing the seal of the Company shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity relating the authority to issue the same; provided further also that the counter signature of the Company Secretary or the authorized person shall not be necessary in the case of instruments executed in favour of a Managing/Whole-Time Director which shall be sealed in the presence of any other Director and signed by him on behalf of the Company.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE**Application of Profit:**

- 116.** The profit of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these present, and subject to the provisions of these present as to the Reserve Fund, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid-up on the shares held by them respectively.

Declaration of Dividend:

- 117.** The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Interim Dividend:

- 118.** Subject to the provisions of section 123 of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

Dividend to be paid out of profits only:

- 119.** No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the year or any other undistributed profits except as provided by Section 123 of the Act.

Transfer of share not to pass prior dividend:

- 120.** Any transfer of shares shall not pass any right to dividend declared thereon before the registration of transfer.

Reserve Funds:

- 121. (i)** The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the

discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.

- (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Method of payment of Dividend:

- 122.** (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of these regulations as paid on the share.
 - (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

Deduction of arrears:

- 123.** The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

Adjustment of dividend against calls:

- 124.** Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend or bonus payable to him and that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend or bonus is payable/credited and be set off against the call.

Bonus or Dividend in specie:

- 125.** (i) Any general meeting declaring dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and the Board shall give effect to the resolution of the meeting.
- (ii) Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Board may settle the same as they think fit and expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value of distribution so that cash payment shall be made to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board.

Payment by cheque or warrant:

126. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque /warrant/ electronic mode sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (ii) Every such cheque /warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- (iii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be posted within such time as may be prescribed by the Act and the rules made thereunder from the date of declaration of the dividend.

Receipt of joint holders:

127. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividend, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of such share.
128. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

Dividend not to bear interest:

129. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.

Unclaimed dividend

130. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board and the Company shall comply with provisions of the Act in connection with transfer of unpaid/unclaimed dividend.

Transfer of share not to pass prior dividend:

131. Any transfer of shares shall not pass any right to dividend declared thereon before the registration of transfer.

Accounts**Accounts to be kept:**

- 132.(i) The Directors shall cause proper books of accounts to be kept in respect of (a) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place; (b) all sales and purchases of goods and services by the Company; and (c) the assets and liabilities of the Company.
- (ii) If the company has a branch office whether in India or outside India, proper books of accounts relating to the transactions effected at that office shall be kept at that office, and proper summarized returns periodically shall be sent by the branch office to the Company at its registered office or other place in India, as the Board may think fit, where the main books of the Company are kept.

- (iii) The books of account shall be kept at the Registered Office or at such other place in India as the Board thinks fit and shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.
- (iv) All the aforesaid books shall give a fair and true view of the affairs of the Company or of its branch as the case may be, with respect to the matters aforesaid, and explain its transactions.

Inspection by members:

- 133.** The Board shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and at what time and under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books and documents of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the members and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection of any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the Company in General Meeting.

Statement of accounts to be furnished in General Meeting:

- 134.** The Board shall lay before each Annual General Meeting, financial statements made up as at the end of the financial year which shall be a date that shall not precede the day of the meeting by more than six months or such extended period as shall have been granted by the Registrar of Companies under the provisions of the Act.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

- 135.** Subject to the provisions of Section 129 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company shall be in the forms set out in Parts I and II respectively of Schedule III of the Act, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.
- 136.** The financial statements including Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 137.** The financial statements shall be approved by the Board before they are signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the Act and before they are submitted to the Auditors for their report thereon.

Board's report to be attached to financial statements:

- 138(i)** The financial statements laid before the Company in General Meeting shall have attached to it a report by the Board including the matters specified under section 134 of the Act.
- (ii) The Board's report and any annexures thereto shall be signed by the Chairman of the Company if he is authorised in that behalf by the Board; and where he is not authorised, shall be signed by at least two directors, one of whom shall be a Managing Director in accordance with the provisions of section 134 of the Act.
- (iii) The Board shall have the right to charge any person not being a Director with the duty of seeing that the provisions of this Article are complied with.

AUDIT

Accounts to be audited:

- 139.** The financial statements shall be audited by one or more Auditors to be appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

Appointment of Auditors:

- 140.** The appointment of Auditors shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Act read with the rules made thereunder.

Remuneration of Auditors:

- 141.** The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting or in such manner as may be determined therein.
- 142.** Every account of the Company when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive. However, the said audited financial statements may be re-opened in compliance with the provisions of section 130 of the Act.

SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

- 143.** A document may be served on a Company or an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Registered Office of the Company by registered post or by speed post or by courier service or by leaving it at its Registered Office or by means of such electronic or other mode as prescribed under section 20 of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

Provided that where securities are held with a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the company by means of electronic or other mode.

- 144.** (i) Save as provided in the Act or the rules made thereunder for filing of documents with the Registrar in electronic mode, a document may be served on Registrar or any member by sending it to him by post or by registered post or by speed post or by courier or by delivering at his office or address, or by such electronic or other mode as may be prescribed:

Provided that a member may request for delivery of any document through a particular mode, for which he shall pay such fees as may be determined by the company in its annual general meeting.

- (ii) Where a document is sent by post, such service shall be deemed to be effected - (i) in the case of a notice of a meeting, at the expiration of forty eight hours after the letter containing the same is posted; and (ii) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

Members to notify address in India:

- 145.** Each registered holder of share(s) shall, from time to time, notify in writing to the Company some place in India to be registered as his address and such registered place of address shall for all purposes be deemed to be his place of residence.

Persons entitled to notice of General Meeting:

- 146.** Subject to the provisions of the Act, notice of General Meeting shall be given to;
- (a) every member of the Company, legal representative of any deceased member or the assignee of an insolvent member;
 - (b) the auditor or auditors of the company; and
 - (c) every director of the Company.

Any accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of such notice by, any member or other person who is entitled to such notice for any meeting shall not invalidate the proceedings of the meeting.

- 147.** Every person, who by the operation of law, transfer, or by other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall have the right to every document in respect of such share which, previously to his name and address being entered on the registrar, shall have been duly served on or sent to the person from whom he derives his title to such shares.
- 148.** Any notice to be given by the Company shall be signed by the Managing Director or by such Director or officer as the Board may appoint. The Signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or lithographed or even may not bear any signature in case of electronic / computer generated communication.

Secrecy Clause

- 149.** Every Director, Managing Director, Whole-Time Director, Manager, Secretary, Auditor, Trustee, Member of the Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant, or other person employed in the business of the Company shall if so required by the Board before entering upon his duties, or at any time during his term of the office, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company and the state of accounts and in matters relating thereto, and shall buy such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of duties except when required so to do by the Board of Director or by any general meeting or by a court of law or by the persons to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions contained in these articles.

No member to enter the premises of the Company without permission:

- 150.** No member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to enter upon the property of the Company or to inspect or examine the premises or properties of the Company without the permission of the Board or, to require discovering of or any information respecting any detail of the trading of the Company or any matter which is or may be in the nature of the trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the

Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to communicate.

Indemnity

- 151.** Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

Director's etc., not liable for certain acts

- 152.** Subject to the provision of section 192 of the Act, no Director, Manager, Officer or Employee of the company shall be liable for the acts, defaults, receipts and neglects of any other Director, Manager, Officer or employee or for joining in any receipts or other acts for the sake of conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the company through the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the monies of the company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person with whom any monies, securities or effects shall be deposited or for any loss occasioned by an error of judgement or oversight on his part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution thereof unless the same shall happen through negligence, default, misfeasance, breach of duty or breach of trust. Without prejudice to the generality foregoing it is hereby expressly declared that any filing fee payable or any document required to be filed with the registrar of the companies in respect of any act done or required to be done by any Director or other officer by reason of his holding the said office shall be paid and borne by the company.

Legal Proceedings

- 153.(i)** Without derogation of powers vested in the Board of Directors or in the Managing / Whole-Time Director by virtue of any law or the Act or the Articles of the Company, the Managing Director/Whole-Time Director shall be empowered to institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions suits and legal proceedings, both civil and criminal on behalf of the Company and also compromise or submit the same for arbitration.

Further, any Director authorised by the Board shall be empowered to institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any actions suits and legal proceedings, both civil and criminal on behalf of the Company and also compromise or submit the same for arbitration.

- (ii)* The aforesaid persons may delegate the powers vested above to any other person.

Winding Up

- 154.** If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital or capital deemed to be paid-up, such assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up or

deemed to be paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively; and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution amongst the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital paid up or deemed to be paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively. Where capital is paid up on any shares in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall be excluded and shall be repayable in full before any distribution is made on the paid up capital or capital deemed to be paid up together with interest at the rate agreed upon. The provisions of this article shall be subject to any special rights or liabilities attached to any special class of shares forming part of the capital of the Company.

Division of assets of the company in specie among members:

155. The liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution divide amongst the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in Trustees upon such Trusts for the benefit of the members or any of them as the liquidators, with the like sanction, shall think fit.

The erstwhile Articles of Association was replaced by the new set of Articles of Association containing Article 1 to Article 155 vide Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot on 15th July, 2015.

For VAMA INDUSTRIES LTD.

M. Atal Gata R. Rye.

Managing Director

We the several persons, whose names and addresses are hereunder subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, address, description and occupation of each subscriber	No. of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Names, Address description & occupation of witness & his Signature
Sushil Kumar Sharma 18 Netaji Subhash Road, Calcutta - 700 001 S/o Ganesh Lal Sharma Sarvica	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	Sd/- Witness for all Seven Signatories V.A. PRAKASAN 1/44, Ashok Nagar, Regent Park P.O., Calcutta - 40 S/o. Shri P. S. Achutan Service
Pradip Kumar Mahra 43, Vivekanand Road, Calcutta - 700 007 S/o. Kailashnath Mahra Sarvica	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Shiv Kumar Agarwal 25/1, Raja Nabakristo Straat, Calcutta-700006, S/o. Mahadeo P. Agarwal Business	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Amit Kumar Ghose 24, Bagh Bazar, Calcutta - 700 009. S/o. Kanai Ghose Sarvica	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Prem Kumar Rathi 47-B, Kali K. Tagora St. S/o. Sohanlal Rathi Calcutta-700 007. Business	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Binod Kumar Lodha 10/11, Kailash Bosa Lane, Howrah - 711 101 S/o. Chota Mal Lodha Sarvica	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Pram Nath Das B/34, Katji Nagar, P.O. Jadavpur, Calcutta-32 S/o. Chitta Ranjan Das Sarvica	10 Equity Shares	Sd/-	
Total	70 (Seventy) Equity Shares		

Place : Bombay

Date : 22nd February 1985

FOR VAMA INDUSTRIES LTD
M. K. Ghosh
Managing Director